Elderberry, Black Lace

Sambucus nigra 'Eva'



Elderberry, Black Lace flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Height: 10 feet

Spread: 10 feet

Sunlight: ○ ◐

Hardiness Zone: 4a

Other Names: Common Elder

Description:

A most impressive garden shrub with very fine, cut-leaf dark purple foliage bordering on black, soft pink flowers look stunning against it in summer; a good full sun substitution for Japanese maples

Ornamental Features

Elderberry, Black Lace features showy clusters of fragrant shell pink flowers held atop the branches in early summer, which emerge from distinctive rose flower buds. It has attractive deep purple deciduous foliage. The deeply cut compound leaves are highly ornamental but do not develop any appreciable fall color. The deep purple fruits are held in clusters in early fall.



Elderberry, Black Lace
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Landscape Attributes

Elderberry, Black Lace is a multi-stemmed deciduous shrub with an upright spreading habit of growth. It lends an extremely fine and delicate texture to the landscape composition which can make it a great accent feature on this basis alone.

This shrub will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and is best pruned in late winter once the threat of extreme cold has passed. It is a good choice for attracting birds and bees to your yard. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Spreading

Elderberry, Black Lace is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use

Planting & Growing

Elderberry, Black Lace will grow to be about 10 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 10 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 1 foot from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a fast rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 30 years.



Elderberry, Black Lace flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

This shrub does best in full sun to partial shade. It is quite adaptable, prefering to grow in average to wet conditions, and will even tolerate some standing water. To help this plant achive its best flowering performance, periodically apply a flower-boosting fertilizer from early spring through into the active growing season. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America.