Rhododendron, Lee's Dark Purple

Rhododendron catawbiense 'Lee's Dark Purple'



Rhododendron, Lee's Dark Purple flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Height: 10 feet

Spread: 10 feet

Sunlight: ◐ ●

Hardiness Zone: 5a

Other Names: Catawba Rhododendron

Description:

An attractive broadleaf evergreen shrub with very deep purple flowers in spring and a broad mounded habit, quite hardy, good in partial shade; absolutely must have well-drained, highly acidic and organic soil, use plenty of peat moss when planting



Rhododendron, Lee's Dark Purple flowers
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Ornamental Features

Rhododendron, Lee's Dark Purple is covered in stunning clusters of purple trumpet-shaped flowers at the ends of the branches in mid spring, which emerge from distinctive deep purple flower buds. It has green evergreen foliage. The large narrow leaves remain green throughout the winter.

Landscape Attributes

Rhododendron, Lee's Dark Purple is a multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its relatively coarse texture can be used to stand it apart from other landscape plants with finer foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Rhododendron, Lee's Dark Purple is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use

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Planting & Growing

Rhododendron, Lee's Dark Purple will grow to be about 10 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 10 feet. It tends to be a little leggy, with a typical clearance of 1 foot from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 40 years or more.

This shrub does best in partial shade to shade. It does best in average to evenly moist conditions, but will not tolerate standing water. This plant should be periodically fertilized throughout the active growing season with a specially-formulated acidic fertilizer. It is very fussy about its soil conditions and must have rich, acidic soils to ensure success, and is subject to chlorosis (yellowing) of the foliage in alkaline soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This is a selection of a native North American species.