



Arborvitae Threadleaf (Tree Form)

Thuja occidentalis 'Filiformis (tree form)'

Height: 8 feet

Spread: 4 feet

Sunlight: ☉ ●

Hardiness Zone: 3b

Other Names: Eastern White Cedar

Description:

A very interesting evergreen which features arching sprays of fine, thread-like bright green foliage on a weeping tree form; unquestionably distinctive, use as a solitary accent in the garden; needs shelter from drying winds

Ornamental Features

Arborvitae Threadleaf (Tree Form) is primarily valued in the landscape or garden for its highly ornamental weeping form. It has attractive green evergreen foliage which emerges light green in spring. The threadlike sprays of foliage are highly ornamental and remain green throughout the winter.

Landscape Attributes

Arborvitae Threadleaf (Tree Form) is an evergreen tree with a strong central leader and a rounded form and gracefully weeping branches. It lends an extremely fine and delicate texture to the landscape composition which can make it a great accent feature on this basis alone.

This is a relatively low maintenance tree, and should not require much pruning, except when necessary, such as to remove dieback. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Arborvitae Threadleaf (Tree Form) is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Rock/Alpine Gardens
- General Garden Use



Arborvitae Threadleaf (Tree Form)
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Planting & Growing

Arborvitae Threadleaf (Tree Form) will grow to be about 8 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 4 feet. It tends to be a little leggy, with a typical clearance of 4 feet from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 50 years or more.

This tree does best in full sun to partial shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. This plant should be periodically fertilized throughout the active growing season with a specially-formulated acidic fertilizer. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This is a selection of a native North American species.