



# Stewartia, Korean Stewartia koreana

Height: 30 feet Spread: 25 feet

Sunlight: O 0

Hardiness Zone: 5a

#### **Description:**

An incredible accent tree with magnificent mottled bark in gray, brown and orange-brown, stunning in winter; showy large white flowers with yellow stamens in early summer; needs organic, acidic soil and protection from drying winds

#### **Ornamental Features**

Stewartia, Korean features delicate white flowers with yellow anthers along the branches from early to mid summer. It has dark green deciduous foliage. The serrated pointy leaves turn outstanding shades of yellow, orange and red in the fall. The mottled khaki (brownish-green) bark is extremely showy and adds significant winter interest.

## **Landscape Attributes**

Stewartia, Korean is a dense deciduous tree with a distinctive and refined pyramidal form. Its average texture blends into the landscape, but can be balanced by one or two finer or coarser trees or shrubs for an effective composition.

This is a relatively low maintenance tree, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Stewartia, Korean is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Shade



Stewartia, Korean Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Stewartia, Korean in fall Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



## **Planting & Growing**

Stewartia, Korean will grow to be about 30 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 25 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 3 feet from the ground, and should not be planted underneath power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 70 years or more.

This tree does best in full sun to partial shade. It does best in average to evenly moist conditions, but will not tolerate standing water. This plant should be periodically fertilized throughout the active growing season with a specially-formulated acidic fertilizer. It is very fussy about its soil conditions and must have rich, acidic soils to ensure success, and is subject to chlorosis (yellowing) of the foliage in alkaline soils. It is quite intolerant of urban pollution, therefore inner city or urban streetside plantings are best avoided, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This species is not originally from North America.

## Special Attributes

Seeds are small in pods that are 1/2 to 3/4 inch and round opening in the winter to early spring.



Stewartia, Korean bark Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder